

PRODUCT CODE: 416112

Fraser Listeria Broth Base (ISO 11290-1) (Dehydrated Culture Media) for microbiology

Preparation

Suspend 28.7 grams of the medium in 500 ml. of distilled water. Mix well and dissolve by heating with frequent agitation. Boil for one minute until complete dissolution. Sterilize in autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add one vial of Fraser Listeria Selective Supplement for preparing Fraser or Half Fraser Listeria Selective Supplement reconstituted in 5 ml of sterile distilled water. Homogenize gently and dispense into sterile containers. The prepared medium should be stored at 2-8°C.

The colour is amber. The dehydrated medium should be homogeneous, free-flowing and beige in colour. If there are any physical changes, discard the medium.

Fraser Listeria Selective Supplement

(Composition: each vial for 500ml)

Vial A: Ferric Ammonium Citrate	250 mg
Vial B: Acryflavine	12.5 mg
Nalidixic Acid	10 mg

Half Fraser Listeria Selective Supplement

(Composition: each vial for 500ml)

Vial A: Ferric Ammonium Citrate	250 mg
Vial B: Acryflavine	6.25 mg
Nalidixic Acid	5 mg

Uses

LISTERIA ENRICHMENT BROTH BASE FRASER is an appropriate medium for the selective enrichment of *Listeria* in the two-step method according to ISO 11290-2, for the preparation of Fraser or Half Fraser Broth by adding the respective supplements.

It is recommended for the detection of *Listeria spp.* in food products and in samples from the environment. All *Listeria* species hydrolyse the Esculin to esculetin, which reacts with iron ions producing a blackening of the medium.

Another advantage of this medium is that the addition of Ferric ammonium citrate improves the growth of *L. monocytogenes*. Lithium chloride included in the medium, along with Nalidixic acid and Acryflavine from the supplement, inhibit the growth of the accompanying flora, which can hydrolyse the esculin. The high amount of Sodium chloride inhibits the growth of *enterococci*. Tryptone, Protease Peptone and Beef extract provide nitrogen, vitamins, minerals and amino acids essential for growth. Yeast extract is the source of vitamins, particularly of the B-group. Phosphate Salts act as a buffer system.

Primary enrichment of Half Fraser medium and mix thoroughly. Incubate for 24 ± 2 hours at 30°C. Secondary enrichment: transfer 0.1 ml of incubated Half Fraser medium to 10 ml Fraser Broth. Incubate at 35-37°C for 48 ± 2 hours. Compare each inoculated tube with a non-inoculated control tube with a white background. After incubation of the primary and secondary enrichment, inoculate the tubes in Agar Oxford and Agar Palcam. Confirm the suspicious colonies.

Composition

See in Data Sheet (TDS).

Microbiological Test

The following results were obtained in the performance of the medium added selective supplement fraser medium from standard strains, after incubation at a temperature of $30 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ in aerobiosis and observed at 24 ± 3 hours.

Microorganism	Growth
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19112	Good
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	Null

According ISO 11133 (44 ± 4) h/ (36 ± 2) $^\circ\text{C}$ Productivity

Microorganism	Inoculum (cfu/ml)	Reference Media	Productivity Quantitative
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 13932 + <i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 8739 + <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	10^2 $10^4/10^6$ $10^4/10^6$	-	>10 on Chromogenic Agar Listeria Blue green colonies with opaque halo
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19112 + <i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 8739 + <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	10^2 $10^4/10^6$ $10^4/10^6$	Media batch YEA already validated	>10 on Chromogenic Agar Listeria Blue green colonies with opaque halo
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 19433	-	<100 (on TSA)	-
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	-	Inhibited (on TSA)	-

Storage

Once opened keep powdered medium closed to avoid hydration.

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